WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device, comprising:

depositing an oxide layer on a semiconductor substrate;

depositing a nitride layer on the oxide layer;

forming an opening in the oxide layer and the nitride layer exposing a field region of the semiconductor substrate;

forming a trench in the semiconductor substrate in the exposed region in the opening;

removing the oxide layer and the nitride layer;

forming a silicon epitaxial layer having a predetermined thickness pattern on the semiconductor substrate and the trench;

depositing an insulating layer in the trench; and planarizing the insulating layer.

- 2. The method for manufacturing a semiconductor device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the silicon epitaxial layer is formed in such a manner that a portion thereof at a sidewall of the trench has a thickness greater than a thickness of the silicon expitaxial layer at a bottom portion of the trench.
- 3. The method for manufacturing a semiconductor device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the silicon epitaxial layer has an increased thickness is at an upper edge portion of the trench.
- 4. The method for manufacturing a semiconductor device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the insulating layer is formed by one of an O3-Tetra-Ortho-Silicate-Glass Atmospheric Pressure CVD process, Plasma Enhanced CVD process, and High Density Plasma CVD process.
- 5. The method for manufacturing a semiconductor device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the nitride layer is etched with a phosphoric acid solution.
- 6. The method for manufacturing a semiconductor device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the oxide layer is etched with a HF solution.

- 7. The method for manufacturing a semiconductor device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the insulating layer is planarized by Chemical Mechanical Polishing.
- 8. The method for manufacturing a semiconductor device as claimed in claim 7, wherein the insulating layer exists in only the trench after being planarized.
- 9. The method for manufacturing a semiconductor device as claimed in claim 2, wherein the silicon epitaxial layer has a thickness at an upper edge portion of the trench that is greater than the thickness of the silicon epitaxial layer at the sidewall of the trench.
- 10. The method according to claim 9, wherein the silicon epitaxial layer has a curved cross section at the upper edge of the trench.
- 11. The method according to claim 3, wherein the silicon epitaxial layer has a curved cross section at the upper edge of the trench.